[NUMB. 871.]

THE South-Carolina Gazette.

From SATURDAY *January* 19th, to MONDAY *January* 21st, 1751.

The Remainder of the Extract from LEX MERCATORIA, *Of* SEQUESTRATIONS *and* EXECUTIONS.

MANY other reasons are alledged in the said remonstrance invective, against usury and usurers, which I have omitted; and hereunto let us add certain observations in general concerning executions.

¶ The law is said to be a mute magistrate; but the magistrates are said to be a living law.

The strength of the law is commanding, and the strength of commanding is in the constraining or execution of the law, which belongs to judges & magistrates. The consideration hereof did produce a diversity of opinion, whether judges or magistrates ought to be for a time or term of life, the often changing of them being according to the custom of the *Romans*, who did instigate men to accuse those that had not discharged the place of their office duly, whereby wickedness was not only punished, but also every man through emulation did endeavour himself to follow virtue, and to discharge the place of his calling. Besides, whereas virtue in all commonweals is the principal point whereat men aim, and whereto the law doth bind them; so the distribution of offices is a reward of virtue, which cannot be done to many, when they are given in perpetuity to some few, which many times hath been the cause of sedition, by the irregular distribution of rewards and punishments in some commonweals. True it is that there are many inconveniencies, if [illegible] officers be but for one year or a short time, to the [illegible]; for they must leave [illegible] before they know the duty of it, and commonly unto one that is but a novice in the place, whereby the affairs of the commonwealth fall into the government of such as are incapable thereof, and without experience. And if they be fit for the place, their time is so short, that it vanisheth away in feasts and pleasure, and matters either public or private do remain undecided, and every thing protracted without due administration of justice; besides, how is it in common sense and reason possible, that he should command with the effectual power of a magistrate, that within a little while is as it were a cypher, without power or authority; what subject will yield him due respect and reverence? whereas on the contrary, if his office be perpetual, and his estate assured, he is resolved boldly to resist the wicked, to defend the good, to revenge the injuries of the oppressed, and even to withstand tyrants, who many times have been astonish'd to see the constancy of the judges and magistrates in the execution of justice according to law: And herein is the common law excellent, because the judges and magistrates are authorized accordingly for term of life, as the dignity of the place requires, and are also chosen with great solemnity, in regard of their integrity, knowledge, and experience in the laws, whereof they are the ornaments: Whereas to call the yearly judges in question after their time expired, is a derogation and dishonour to the laws in other countries.

The sheriffs and many other officers, which put in every county the writs, commandments, and judgments of the courts in execution, are removed every year, and the same being expired, they may be called to account to answer to any misdemeanours by them committed during their office, by the ordinary course of the law, which maketh them vigilant and circumspect in the execution of the places they supply, either personally or by deputies, for whose offence they must answer.

This authority and severity of the judges, therefore doth prevent many mischiefs, putting a fear in the hearts of the offenders of the law by the rigor thereof, which in criminal cases is called by some cruelty. But the merciful judge is more to be blamed in these cases than the severe, because severity makes men obedient to the laws, whereas too much lenity causeth contempt both of laws and magistrates. Nevertheless, as there is in all commonweals two principal points which the magistrates are to consider, namely, law and equity, so the execution of the law is to be considered by the magistrate, who being sometimes too severe, may do more hurt to the commonwealth than good; seeing the intention of those that made the law, was to provide for the good of the commonwealth, *salus populi suprema lex esto*.

This may be said especially in regard to the statute laws, whereof we have example of *Empson* and *Dudley* fresh in memory, who being privy counsellors to *H.* 7. caused the penal laws to be strictly executed against his subjects, whereby the king gathered much treasure, with the loss of the love of his subjects, which much displeased him, as the chronicles of this realm have recorded; because there is nothing so effectual to cause the prince to be called a tyrant, as this course of strict execution of laws which hath affinity with the saying of *Nichol: Machiavel*, some time secretary to the great duke of *Tuscany*, teaching the condition of men in general. It is miserable that we cannot do all things; more miserable to do that we would do; and most miserable to do that which we can do.

Informers nevertheless are necessary members in a commonwealth, for maintenance of laws, which otherwise would be fruitless, or made, as it is said by some, *propter terrorem*, for prevention whereof it is very commendable to preserve this life of the law, consisting in execution, which was the cause that commissioners have been heretofore appointed to retain men in their duties; as the *Nomophylaxi* in *Greece*, the *Censors* among the *Romans*, the *Ephores* at *Lacedæmon*, the *Areopagites* at *Athens*, the *Visitors* in *Spain*, the *Commissioners* at *Troyls*, the *Baston* in the time of *Edward* I. for all human actions are so flexible to evil, that they had need have a continual remembrancer to virtue, for the conservation of the public good.

If we will make a comparison between the execution of criminal causes and civil, we shall in a manner find the same to be all one effectually, for the general manner of death imposed by the law is hanging, where, in other countries they have divers manner of executions, according as the fact is heinous. Murder, being a great offence, hath in all ages been punished with death; but stealing of goods was always taken to be much inferior, because the law of God did not punish the same by death, as now used; and yet a death by sudden executions, is better than a lingering death by famine, imprisonment, and other adversities before remembered.

The effect of the king's prerogative royal, to be merciful even when law hath had her full course, is to be seen rather in causes civil than criminal, and that in relief of poor distress'd prisoners and others; seeing the mercy of God (whose livetenants they are on earth) is above all his works; which maketh me to remember an error of the common people, who think the justice and mercy of God to be contraries; for if they were, they could not be in God, because the godhead being but one, and always like itself, cannot admit contraries, and contraries they cannot be, being both virtues, whereas no virtue is contrary to virtue, but only opposite to vice, so that (respecting the king's prerogative in criminal causes, when the law hath determined death, or punishment of perpetual imprisonment, or banishment) the king, imitating God's mercy, doth restore life, freedom, and liberty, much more may the king do the same in civil causes, when the law commandeth imprisonment until satisfaction be made of the judgment, give liberty and prolongation of time, as having an interest in the persons of his subjects, as we have observed. I have herein been the more ample, because it concerneth the life of many honest men, &c.

PRICE CURRENT at *Charles-Town*.

Bill, per Cent. 55 *s.*	Pork, 11 *l.*
Dutch, 67 *s.* 6	Dry Shins, *per* 100. 11 *s.* 3.
Flour, 50 *s.* to 52 *s.* 6	Good Indico, 20 *s.*
Turpentine, 17 *s.* 6	Tann'd Leather, 3 *s.*
Rosin, 15 *s.*	Corn, *per* Bushel, 2 *s.* 6
Tarr, *per* Barrel, 6 *l.*	Peafe, 10 *s.*

Mr. *Timothy*, *Charles-Town, January* 16, 1751.

I HAVE enquired the Price of good merchantable Flour, and find it to be at 4 *l.* 10 *s. per Cent.* I am *Yours, &c.*

JOHN DART, Commiſſary-General.

ADVERTISEMENTS.

ALL Perſons indebted to me, by Bond or Note, which remain unſettled ſince they became due, are deſired to take notice, that ſuch as are not ſettled by the 15th of *February* next, ſhall be immediately after put in ſuit. *Thomas Drayton.*

VERY good *Weſt-India* Rum, and ſundry dry Goods, to be ſold very reaſonably, by JAMES REID, at his Store in *Broad-ſtreet*.

The Iron-ware ſhop kept for many Years paſt by *Jacob Motte*, is now carried on by JAMES LAURENS & Comp. who have imported by the laſt ſhips from *London* and *Briſtol*, all ſorts of iron ware uſed in this province, and will ſell (*Wholeſale* or *Retail*) at much lower rates than ever was ſold before at ſaid ſhop.

Juſt imported in the laſt Ships from *London*, very good *Glouceſter* and *Cheſhire* cheeſes, raiſins of the ſun, *Dorcheſter* beer in ſmall hampers, ſingle and double refin'd ſugar, beſt *Scotch* ſnuff, *Durham* muſtard, linſeed oyl, mens and boys ready made cloaths, broad cloths, *German* ſerges and druggets, mens, womens, boys and girls leather ſhoes, mens ſhoe boots, womens callimancoe, everlaſting and worſted damaſk ſhoes, clogs and pattens, womens ſcarlet cloaks, horſe hair hats, ſtays, velvet caps and black quilted petticoats, an aſſortment of worſted ſtockings, callimancoes, worſted damaſks, poplins, tammies, bombazines, alapines, alamode, ſarſnet, mourning and hatband crapes, ſtrip'd and white flannels, duffils, bed blankets, floor carpets, ſpices, pickles, clear and flower'd lawns, cambricks, calicoes, printed linnens and cottons, *Engliſh* and *India* chints, *India* ſarſs, romalls, ribbons, 3-4th and 7-8th garlix, clouting and napkin diaper, 3-4th, 7-8th and yard-wide *Iriſh* linnens, gulix, tandem and brown hollands, bed bindings, ferretts, beſt hard metal and common pewter, flat, ſoop, and water plates and diſhes, cloſe-ſtool pans, tea pots and wine meaſures; an aſſortment of ſtationary, cutlery and tin ware; carpenters tools, braſs and iron candleſticks, braſs cocks, ſhovels and tongs, iron dogs with braſs knobs, chamber and kitchen bellows, ſmoothing irons, gun-powder, ſhot of all ſorts, *French* oyl flints, bar-lead and ſwan ſhot moulds, bohea tea, ſnuff and roll tobacco, large ſquare corner'd cloth houſings, an aſſortment of books on various ſubjects, and a variety of other articles to be ſold very reaſonably on the *Bay*, by *Chriſtopher Gadſden*.

To be Sold, a Lot in *Anſonburgh*, between Mr. *Gordon*'s and Mr. *Heyland*'s, being under very good fence, and where, with little trouble, there might be a very good fiſh-pond. For particulars enquire of the Printer.

To be Sold a large flat new Pettiagua, that will carry about 50 barrels of rice, and a large ſchooner 50 feet keel and about two years old, belonging to the eſtate of Mr. *Nathaniel Snow*. Enquire of *James Snow* and *George Snow*, Executors.

WHEREAS *John Watſone* intends for *England* as ſoon as he can ſettle his affairs, he reſolves to ſell off his preſent ſtock of goods at very reaſonable prices; they conſiſt, of a great variety of broad cloths and trimmings, ready made cloaths, *German* ſerges, white, blue and green negro cloth, coatings, callimancoes and damaſks, ſtrip'd and white flannels, and ſtrip'd cottons, bear ſkin, bed blankets, worſted hoſe, tandems, garlix, *Iriſh* linnen, gulix hollands, cambricks, lawns and kentings, blue and white linnens, 6 4th diaper table cloths, *India* dimity, napkining and clouting diaper, oznabrugs, ſheeting, checks, ſail cloth, *French* cloth fit for winnowing ſheets, *Ruſſia* linnen, excellent broad and narrow hoes, rice ſieves, ſhot, bullets, whip ſaws, frying pans, and a variety of iron ware, haberdaſhery, eſpecially a variety of gold and ſilver ribbons, double channel pumps and mens ſhoes, felts and caſtors, paper, blank books, and other ſtationary, bohea tea, ſpices, currans in jugs, china bowls, *&c.* ſattin and ſeveral other ſilks, ſarſnet and alamode, gloves, cordage and white rope, 4, 10, 20, 30, and 40 *d.* nails and flooring brads, ſheathing, pump and ſcupper nails, ſea compaſſes, and a variety of ſhip chandlery ware, capers, walnuts, brimſtone, glue, white lead, allum, ſallad oyl, calicoes, mens white, plain and ruffled ſhirts, fine border'd muſlin handkerchiefs, ſhort pipes, matraſſes, bed ticks, bed lace, alſo tallow and myrtle wax.—— *He will alſo ſell, the ſeveral tenements jointly or ſeverally, which at preſent are poſſeſſed by Meſſrs.* Joſeph Child, Samuel Winborn, *and* Alexander Petrie; *alſo the tenement where he now keeps his compting-houſe. Alſo, a garden with a brick houſe, ſtable and* [illegible] *in* Anſonborough.

MAJOR'S Imperial Phœnix SNUFF

WHICH many Thouſands of Perſons have found to be a very effectual Remedy for taking away Diſorders of the Head, and in the following Ailments. It inſtantly removes Drowſineſs, Giddineſs, Vapours, Deafneſs, Evil in the Eyes, any Humour in them, Dropſies, or Stoppage or Cold in the Head, Jaundice, Quinſey, *&c.* the Catarrhs, or Drippings from the Head upon the Lungs, Tickling Coughs and Conſumptions; it drives away all Mercury that lodgeth in the Head, which may be occaſioned by taking too much, or by Trades that are offenſive to the Brain. It inſtantly cureth the Head-ach and Tooth-ach, be the Pain ever ſo violent. It immediately takes hold of, and carries off Swellings or Breakings-out in the Face, *&c.* or Sores, or ſtubborn Itchings in the Body, and will leave you clean inwardly and outwardly: It cureth the Megrim, Falling-ſickneſs, and reſtoreth a very good Appetite, as it will give a Warmth and quick Circulation to the Blood.

To help the Cure of Deafneſs, it is neceſſary, ſometimes, to have a Bottle of Oil, to drop three or four Drops into each Ear: It hath perfected a Cure for thoſe that have been deaf for five or Years, and longer.

To be ſold, by the Author's Appointment, only at Meſſrs. Brown *and* Drakeford's *Store in* George Town, *and at Capt.* Thos. Crosthwaite's *in* Charles Town.

The Uſe *and* Operations *of the* Imperial Phœnix SNUFF.

SNUFF the whole Paper or half going to Bed; you will [illegible] dom ſneeze till you riſe in the Morning: A ſecond [illegible] not be taken till Four, Five, or ſix Days after the firſt, and [illegible] of occaſioning any Cold to be taken, it carries off the [illegible] occaſions Cold, and drives the [illegible] ſometimes it works off ſharp Waters, ſometimes Corruption, and Blood, ſometimes like Size or Glue: It draws off all Phlegm, and other Matter, from the Stomach. There is no Occaſion to [illegible] a little Blood, for it is Part of the Cure. As you ſee the [illegible] Matter brought away, it is a better Proof than ever was ſeen, [illegible] gives a true Demonſtration of its Efficacy. The Noſe being [illegible] proper Channel to carry it off, the ſore Noſe will ceaſe, [illegible] Diſtemper goes off. Sometimes One, Two, Three Papers, or more muſt be taken, as yourſelf may ſee the Caſe requires. There is no Occaſion to keep from Buſineſs or Within-doors, or to alter your Diet for its Working. Upon Occaſion it may be taken any Time of the Day; only you are to refrain blowing the Noſe for ſome Hours.

Conſider the Advantage in the Operations of this Snuff in Eating and Drinking, and Going where you pleaſe, and no Sickneſs, Vomiting, nor Griping, or Diſagreeableneſs; the niceſt and weakeſt Perſons may take it.

ABRAHAM CROFT,

GIVES Notice, that he is willing and ready to attend any perſon who will pleaſe to employ him in writing: He is to be heard of at his mother's, *Catharine Croft*, in *Union ſtreet*.

ALL Persons indebted to us, whose accompts are now due, we hope will discharge them this crop, or come and settle, as Mr. *Lennox* intends for *Britain* in the spring. Rice will be taken in payment at market price: Our stock of goods now on hand, consisting of great variety, are to be sold cheap; we have likewise edenburghs, check and strip'd linnens, check shirts, great variety of linnen handkerchiefs, *Scots* linnen for shirting, and a small assortment of iron ware, which are to be sold considerably under the common advance, for ready money.

LENOX *and* DEAS.

Imported in Capts. *White*, *Douglas*, and *Payne*, from *London*, osnaburghs, edenburghs, check linnens, garlix, hollands, kentings and cambricks, callicoes, chints, dimities, muslins, strip'd hollands and ginghams, cotton gowns, *Irish* sheeting, bed bunts, blankets and rugs, *Flanders* ticks, mens and boys felt and castor hats, variety of broad cloths and trimmings, beaver, bearskins, druggets, baragons, grograms, and ready made cloaths, loaf-sugar, bohea tea, currans, raisins, and spices, gloves, alamode and farsnet, linseed and sallad oyl, white lead ground in oyl, pickles, stationary ware, bibles, testaments, psalm and spelling books and primmers, with variety to haberdashery and hard wares, ironmongery, consisting of plantation, carpenter and coopers tools, gun-powder, lead shot, bullets, and pig lead, iron wire sieves, pewter plates and dishes, stone bottles, milk pans, porringers, *&c.* grind stones of various sizes, and quern stones of different dimensions, also steel corn mills, a small assortment of family medicines, with variety of other goods proper for the season, to be sold on the most reasonable terms by ALEXANDER RANTOWLE and company, at their store at *Dandridge*'s bridge, STONO.

Run away from the subscriber, the 16th of *November* last, a likely mustee fellow named *Daniel*, about 20 years of age, who has travelled from *Virginia* to this province, and possibly may attempt to go back. Whoever takes the said fellow and delivers him to me, or to the warden of the work house, shall receive 10 *l.* as a reward: And whoever entertains or conceals the said run away may depend on the utmost severity of the law.

Joseph Elliott.

To be Sold at public Vendue in *Dorchester*, on wednesday the 6th of *February*, all the estate both real and personal of Doct. *Henry Dewick* deceased, consisting of one dwelling house and lot in *Dorchester*, one negro boy, some drugs, houshold furniture, horses and cattle. All sums under 20 *l.* to be paid down, and all above credit will be given 'till the first day of *January* next, paying interest from the day of sale and giving security if required. And all persons who have any demands on the said estate, are desired to send in their accompts properly attested, that care may be taken to discharge them, and all those indebted to the said estate are desired to pay the same immediately, to

Anna Dewick, Executrix.

To be Sold on Tuesday the 22d of *January* next, at the plantation whereon *James Maxwell*, Esq; now lives in *St. John*'s parish, the said plantation containing 1200 acres of land, with a good dwelling house, and all other necessary buildings thereon; 4000 acres of land in *Amelia-Township*, with a town lot in the said town; 130 choice slaves, a large new schooner that can carry about 180 barrels of rice, and all the horses, cattle, plantation tools, and houshold goods of the said *Maxwell*, seized on execution by RAWLINS LOWNDES, *Pr. Marsh*

N.B. The conditions of the sale are twelve months credit, paying interest, and giving approved security, if required. The property not to be alter'd, nor any thing deliver'd, 'till the conditions are complied with.

A Good Overseer well recommended, may meet with good Encouragement. Enquire of the Printer.

Just imported from *London*, in the *Loyal Judith*, Capt. *James Cowie*, and to be sold at as low rates as ever they were in this province, by the subscriber at his shop on the *Bay*, a large ASSORTMENT of CHYMICAL, GALENICAL, and FAMILY MEDICINES, drugs and spices, pickles and paints, chirurgical instruments, both pocket and capital, marble and bell metal mortars, with most kind of utensils for physicians or surgeons shops. A good assortment of warranted garden seeds, *&c. &c.*

SAMUEL CARNE.

N. B. As I am under an indispensible necessity of settling my affairs speedily, being obliged to go for *London*, by next fall, must desire all persons, in any shape indebted to me, to discharge the same by the first of *February* next, as all accompts then due and unpaid will be put into the hands of *David Graeme*, Esq; attorney at law.

I have by me a large quantity of cordial waters, which for ready money will sell much lower than usual; also some dry goods, *viz.* hollands, sheeting, linnen, *&c. &c.* at less than the common advance.

To be Sold *by the Subscriber, super-fine yard wide cloths and broad ditto, imported in Capt.* Payne, *and various kinds of fashionable stuffs, with other goods suitable for the season; which will be sold as cheap as imported, or cheaper by the piece. And all Persons indebted to the subscriber, by bond, note or book-debt, are desired to settle their accompts, before the 1st of* February, *or they will then be sued for the same without further notice, as he intends for* England *about that time. All persons to whom he is indebted, are desired to bring in their accompts, that they may be paid immediately.*

JOHN PARNHAM.

The Subscribers being Vestry-men and Church-wardens of the parish of *St. James Goose-Creek*, have assessed the inhabitants and others, owners of land, slaves and money at interest in the said parish, for the maintenance of the poor thereof as follows, for every hundred acres of land *one shilling*, for every slave *one shilling*, and for every hundred pounds current money at interest *six pence*. All persons subject to pay the said assessment, are therefore required to give an account of their lands, slaves and money at interest in the said parish, and also to pay the said assessment to Messrs. *Henry Smith*, *Sedgwick Lewis*, or *Peter May*, on or before the day appointed for their receiving the next general tax in the said parish.

ROBERT BROWN, *Church-Warden.*

Zach. Villepontoux. *Peter Taylor.*
William Middleton. *Richard Singleton.*
Richard Gough. *John Martin.*

THOMAS ELFE, *Cabinet-maker, having now a very good upholsterer from* London, *does all kinds of upholsterer's work, in the best and newest manner, and at the most reasonable rates, viz. tapestry, damask, stuff, chints, or paper hangings for rooms; beds after the newest fashion, and so that they may be taken off to be washed without inconvenience or damage; all sorts of festoons and window curtains to draw up, and pully rod curtains; chairs stuff cover'd, right or loose; cases for ditto: All kinds of machine chairs are likewise made, stuffed and covered for sickly and weak people, and all sorts of cabinet work done in the best manner, by the said*

THOMAS ELFE.

To be Sold by the Subscriber, on *Tuesday* the 29th instant, the lands belonging to the estate of *Gideon Dewse*, deceas'd, containing 88 acres and 2 6ths, to the highest bidder for ready money.

Hugh Dewse, Executor.

Imported in the *Loyal Judith*, Capt. *Cowie*, a fresh assortment of DRUGS to be sold at very reasonable prices, by the subscriber, at his house in *Broad-street*. GEO. MILLIGEN.

N. B. Where may be had *Turlington*'s Balsam of Life, *Bateman*'s Drops, *Squire*'s Elixir, *Hungary* Water, *&c.*

☞ In Pursuance of an ORDER from the *Commons House of Assembly.*

THE Public Treasurer hereby gives Notice, to all Persons possessed of the old Paper Bills of Credit, issued in the Year 1731, That, unless they bring such Bills to his Office to be exchanged before the *First* Day of *June* next, they will for ever loose the Benefit of having any exchanged after that Day.

A *handy* Mulatto *Boy to wait on a Gentleman, or tend in a house, to be hired. Enquire of* William Roper.

N. B. *The said* William Roper, *has rum and sugar to sell very cheap, by the hogshead or quarter cask.*

CHARLES BLUNDY, *a regular-bred Watch-maker, from* LONDON.

NEXT Door to *Gabriel Manigault*, Eſq; makes and mends all kinds of Clocks and Watches, in the beſt manner, and with the utmoſt diſpatch.

For *LONDON* directly,

The SHIP
BENNET GALLEY,
JOHN WADHAM, Maſter.

WILL ſail by the 25th inſtant, having the greateſt part of her cargo engaged: And has the beſt accommodations for paſſengers. For freight or paſſage treat with ſaid maſter, at Mrs. *Lloyd's*.

ALL Perſons indebted to *Alexander Cramahé* & compary, upon bond, note, or otherwiſe, are deſired to diſcharge the ſame, on or before the firſt of *February* next, or they will be ſued without further notice.

N. B. The ſtore in *Broad ſtreet*, poſſeſſed by the ſaid company, is to be let or ſold. Enquire of *John Laning*.

THE Rev. Mr. *Francis Guichard*, having fully determined to quit this province, and retire to his native country as ſoon as poſſible (God willing) on *Thurſday* the 7th of *February* next, (if a fair day, but if not then the firſt fair day after) will be ſold, on the ſpot, his plantation on *Back-River*, in *Goofe-Creek* pariſh, containing about 448 acres of good rice ſwamp, with good dams, corn and indico land (as he has been told) and well ſtored with lightwood timber for ſawing, joining lands of Meſſrs. *Villepontoux*, *Prioleau*, *Dupont*, and *Mazyck*; having upon it a good dwelling-houſe (ſo pleaſantly ſituated that you may from thence ſee and call to every negro by his name, at work) having 4 good rooms with fire-places, and a good cellar underneath; a barn 51 feet long and 31 wide in the clear, with a brick chimney in it, (which houſe and barn have brick foundations, and are weather-boarded with inch inſtead of feather edge boards) alſo ſome negro houſes and other conveniencies: Likewiſe a pew in *Goofe-Creek* church, a few cattle that have gone through the diſtemper, ſome hogs, plantation tools, houſhold goods, *&c.* and ſome good negroes, among them a ſenſible wench that can cook, waſh, and iron very well, milk cows, manage a dairy, and turn her hand to many things, and a likely young girl. All ſums under 50 *l.* to be paid down; all above, one half to be paid down, and credit to be given for the other 'till the firſt of *January* next, paying intereſt and giving ſecurity if required: But if the latter half ſhould be paid with the other, then 5 *per Cent.* will be diſcounted from that half. The property not to be altered 'till the conditions are complied with. Any perſon inclined to purchaſe, at private ſale, may treat with the ſaid Mr. *Guichard*, at his houſe near the independant meeting: Where he will diſpoſe of ſome houſhold furniture, and a choice collection of books, claſſical, hiſtorical, of divinity, *&c.*

To be Sold at Auction, at the *New-Market-Houſe* in *Charles-Town*, on *Tueſday* the 29th inſtant, the remainder of the eſtate of *James Poulnoix*, deceaſed, *viz.* a lot up the path, 35 feet wide, and about 454 feet deep, (as it is now under fence) having a good ſound dwelling houſe thereon, containing 6 good rooms with a fire-place in each, and a pidgeon houſe a top, (commonly known by the ſign of the *Bear*) alſo a good kitchen and oven, chaiſe-houſe, ſtable, and other conveniencies. One half of the purchaſe-money to be paid on ſigning the deeds; the other half on the firſt of *January* next, with intereſt, ſecurity being alſo given: But, if the latter half be paid as ſoon as the firſt, then 5 *per Cent.* will be diſcounted of the ſaid latter half, by

Francis Guichard, Executor.

Theſe are to deſire all Perſons, who have any demands on the eſtate of Col. Thomas Aſhby, *deceas'd, to give in their accompts properly atteſted to the ſubſcribers, on or before the* 10th *day of* February *next, that proper meaſures may be taken for the diſcharge of the ſame; and all thoſe who are any ways indebted to the ſaid eſtate, to diſcharge their reſpective debts, or ſettle to ſatisfaction, by the time above-mention'd.* Samuel Thomas *and* Thomas Aſhby, *Executors.*

SOUTH-CAROLINA. *WHEREAS* *John Martin*, of the ſaid Province, hath exhibited his Petition to the Chief Juſtice and Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, ſetting forth, that he is in the Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal of this Province, upon Meſne Proceſs, at the Suit of *Rice Price*, for a Debt by him ſued for, and that he is ready and willing to make Surrender, upon Oath, to any One or more of his Creditors, in Truſt for the Reſt, all and ſingular his Eſtate, both real and perſonal, a Liſt or Schedule thereof being annex'd to his ſaid Petition, and prays to be admitted to the Benefit of the Acts of the General Aſſembly of this Province in that Caſe made and provided. *It is therefore ordered*, and the ſaid *Rice Price*, and all others to whom the ſaid Petitioner is in any ways indebted, are hereby ſummoned, and have Notice to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature in *Charles-Town*, at the Court of Common Pleas which ſhall happen *Thirty* Days next after Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Prayer of his Petition granted. *January* 7th, 1751.

JAMES WEDDERBURNE, *Cl.C.P.*

SOUTH-CAROLINA. *WHEREAS* *Peter Rumph*, of the ſaid Province, hath exhibited his Petition to the Chief Juſtice and Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, ſetting forth, that he is in the Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal of this Province, by Virtue of an Execution at the Suit of *John Griffin* and *Northcott Webber*, for a Debt by them ſued for, and that he is ready and willing to make Surrender, upon Oath, to any one or more of his Creditors, in Truſt for the Reſt, all and ſingular his Eſtate, both real and perſonal, a Liſt or Schedule thereof being annex'd to his ſaid Petition, and prays to be admitted to the Benefit of the Acts of the General Aſſembly of this Province in that Caſe made and provided. *It is therefore ORDERED*, and the ſaid Plaintiffs, and all others to whom the ſaid Petitioner is in any ways indebted, are hereby ſummoned, and have Notice to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature in *Charles-Town*, at the Court of Common Pleas which ſhall happen *Thirty* Days next after Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Prayer of his Petition granted. *January 7th*, 1751. JAMES WEDDERBURNE, *Cl.C.P.*

SOUTH-CAROLINA. WHEREAS *Thomas Pretty*, of the ſaid Province, hath exhibited his Petition to the Chief Juſtice and Juſtices of the Court of Common Pleas, ſetting forth, that he is in the Cuſtody of the Provoſt-Marſhal of this Province, upon Meſne Proceſs, at the Suit of *Daniel Gardner*, for a Debt by him ſued for, and that he is ready and willing to make Surrender, upon Oath to any one or more of his Creditors, in Truſt for the Reſt all and ſingular his Eſtate, both real and perſonal, a Liſt or Schedule of his Eſtate being annexed to his ſaid Petition and prays to be admitted to the Benefit of the Acts of the General Aſſembly of this Province in ſuch Caſe made and provided. *It is therefore ORDERED*, and the ſaid *Daniel Gardner*, and all others whom the ſaid Petitioner is in any ways indebted, are hereby ſummoned, and have Notice to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature in *Charles-Town*, at the Meeting of the Court of *Common Pleas* which ſhall happen next after *Thirty* Days from the Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Prayer of his Petition granted. *January 7th*, 1751.

JAMES WEDDERBURNE, *Cl.C.P.*

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